

SEC - ENTREPRENEURSHIP (B.COM/BA-HONS.)

GURU NANAK COLLEGE, DHANBAD

MID SEM INTERNAL TEST

B. COM(Hons.) /B. A(Hons.) Sem -IV 2018-21

SEC : ENTREPRENEURSHIP

**Required*

1. Email address *

2. NAME OF THE STUDENT *

3. GENDER *

Mark only one oval.

Male

Female

4. CLASS ROLL NO. *

5. COURSE *

Mark only one oval.

- B. Com Hons
- BA English Hons
- BA History Hons
- BA Economics Hons
- BA Political Science Hons
- BA Hindi Hons
- BA Psychology Hons

6. UNIVERSITY ROLL NO. *

7. MOBILE NUMBER *

8. 1.An individual who starts, creates and manages a new business can be called 2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A) A leader
- B) A manager
- C) A professional
- D) An entrepreneur

9. 2.Which industrial sector promotes small-scale businesses and Entrepreneurship, and has lower barriers to market entry? * 2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A) Service.
- B) Manufacturing.
- C) Distribution.
- D) Agriculture.

10. 3.SIDBI was set up as a subsidiary of _____. * 2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A) IDBI.
- B) IFCI.
- C) ICICI.
- D) SFC.

11. 4.A business arrangement where one party allows another party to use a business name and sell its products or services is known as _____. * 2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A) A cooperative.
- B) A franchise.
- C) An owner-manager business.
- D) A limited company.

12. 5.CPM stands for _____.*

2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A) Continuous Path Method.
- B) Clear Path Method.
- C) Critical Path Method.
- D) Critical Probabilistic Method.

13. 6. _____ may be defined as the excess of present value of project cash inflows over that of out flows.*

2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A) Net present value technique.
- B) Average rate of return.
- C) Benefit-Cost ratio.
- D) Internal rate of return

14. 7.Which of the list below does not form Intellectual Property? *

2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A) Trade marks.
- B) Patents.
- C) tangible assets.
- D) Copyright.

15. 8.Which of the following factors does the macro-environment not include? * 2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A) political and regulatory factors.
- B) customer needs in a given market.
- C) social and demographic factors.
- D) technological changes.

16. 9.Decisions which are non-repetitive and novel nature and required to solve unstructured problem is called as _____. *

Mark only one oval.

- A) Programmed decision.
- B) Non -programmed decisions.
- C) Routine decisions.
- D)Strategic decisions

17. 10.Seed capital assistance _____. * 2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A) a long-term assistance.
- B) initial assistance
- C) a help for the purchase of seeds.
- D) a short-term assistance.

18. 11.NABARD is a Bank for _____ development *

2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A) Urban.
- B) Agricultural and Rural.
- C) Scientific
- D) Agriculture and research

19. 12._____ set up for the purpose of financing, facilitating, and promoting foreign trade of India *

2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A) Repco bank.
- B) SBI.
- C) EXIM bank
- D) HDFC

20. 13.Entrepreneurship can best be described as _____. *

2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A) a process that requires setting up a business.
- B) taking a significant risk in a business
- C) having a strong vision.
- D) a process involving innovation, new products or services, and value creation.

21. 14. Business risks can be _____. *

2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A. avoided.
- B. reduced.
- C. ignored.
- D. erased.

22. 15. EXIM bank is a _____. *

2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A) State-level institution.
- B) Regional -level institution
- C) All India institution.
- D) International institution.

23. 16. The expenses incurred on the setting up of the enterprise are called as _____.

2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A) Cost of financing.
- B) Cost of promotion..
- C) Cost of fixed assets.
- D) Cost of current assets.

24. 17. Which of the following securities proves a burden on finances of the company, when company is not earning profits? * 2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A) Equity shares.
- B) Preference shares.
- C) Redeemable preference shares.
- D) Debentures.

25. 18. Goods or services reach the market place through _____. * 2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A) marketing channels.
- B) multilevel pyramids.
- C) monopolies.
- D) multiplication.

26. 19. _____ is the analysis of costs and benefits of a proposed project with the goal of assuming a rational allocation of limited funds. * 2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A. Project formulation.
- B. Project evaluation.
- C. Project appraisal .
- D. Project Design.

27. 20. Large investment is made in fixed assets, the project will be termed as _____.* 2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A. Capital Intensive.
- B. Labour Intensive.
- C. Product Intensive.
- D. Market Intensive.

28. 21. Which of the following is not an aspect of appraisal of term loans by commercial banks? * 2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A. Financial feasibility.
- B. Technical feasibility.
- C. Economic feasibility.
- D. Societal feasibility.

29. 22. Reserve bank of India is a/an _____.* 2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A. statutory corporation.
- B. company limited by guarantee.
- C. company limited by shares.
- D. unlimited company.

30. 23. The oldest form of business organization is _____. *

2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A. Partnership.
- B. sole proprietorship.
- C. joint stock company.
- D. co-operative undertaking.

31. 24. Business means _____. *

2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A. Commerce.
- B. industry and commerce.
- C. trade and commerce.
- D. selling and buying of goods.

32. 25. _____ is primarily concerned with the identification, qualification and evaluation of the project resources. *

2 points

Mark only one oval.

- A. Techno-economic analysis.
- B. Feasibility analysis.
- C. Input analysis.
- D. Financial analysis.

This content is neither created nor endorsed by Google.

Google Forms